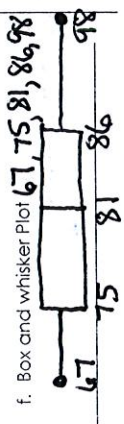


Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Use the list of data to calculate the following:

- 77, 80, 98, 67, 85, 82, 85, 75, 93, 68
- a. 81 mean
  - b. 81 median
  - c. 85 mode
  - d. 31 range 98-67
  - e. 9.40 standard deviation



2. Use the list of data to calculate the following:

- 37, 21, 46, 36, 47, 52, 98, 31
- a. 46 mean
  - b. 41.5 median
  - c. NONE mode
  - d. 77 range 21-98
  - e. 21.71 standard deviation



3. The numbers of electoral votes in 2004 for 11 western states are shown. Find the mean and the standard deviation of the data. Identify any outliers and describe how they affect the mean and standard deviation.

**Outlier**  
 $\bar{x} = 38$   
 with  $\bar{x} = 10.55$   
 without  $\bar{x} = 6.1$   
 $\sigma = 14.31$   
 $\sigma = 2.81$   
**Outlier = 55**



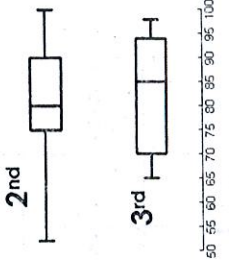
4. This table shows the average low temperature, in °F, recorded in Macon, GA, and Charlotte, NC, over a six-day period.

Day	1	2	3	4	5	6
Temperature in °F. in Macon, GA	71	72	66	69	71	73
Temperature in °F. in Charlotte, NC	69	64	68	74	71	75

- Which conclusion can be drawn from the data? (Multiple Choice)
- A. The interquartile range of the temperatures is the same for both cities. 3, 6
  - B. The lower quartile for the temperatures in Macon is lower than the lower quartile for the temperatures in Charlotte. 69, 68
  - C. The mean and median temperatures of Macon were higher than the mean and median temperatures of Charlotte. M → 70.3, 71 C → 70.2, 70
  - D. The upper quartile for the temperatures in Charlotte was lower than the upper quartile for the temperatures in Macon.

5. Which statement below is NOT true?

- a) 2<sup>nd</sup> period had the highest score on the test
  - b) The median for 2<sup>nd</sup> period is 5 less than the median for 3<sup>rd</sup>
  - c) **The LQ for 2<sup>nd</sup> period is 5 less than LQ for 3<sup>rd</sup> period**
  - d) The UQ for 3<sup>rd</sup> period is 94
6. Fill in the blanks:
- a) The median for 2<sup>nd</sup> period is 80
  - b) The median for 3<sup>rd</sup> period is 85
  - c) The lowest score for 3<sup>rd</sup> period is 65
  - d) The lower quartile for 2<sup>nd</sup> period is 75
  - e) The spread of the middle 50% for 2<sup>nd</sup> period is 15
- IOR: 90-75**



7. Mr. Suttle would like to determine if the cafeteria should sell snacks during non-lunch periods. Which sampling method is most likely to yield an accurate prediction of the population?

- a. Survey every 20<sup>th</sup> student who enters the cafeteria during lunch
- b) **Survey 50 random students each from the 9<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup>, and 12<sup>th</sup> grade**
- c. Survey the first 25 students that walk into school
- d. Survey all the seniors.

8. Write an example of a self-selected survey. Be creative!

Answers may Vary

9. In a survey of 50 Hillgrove students, 22 said that they plan on attending the next basketball game. The school has 2300 students, predict the number of students attending the game.

$$\frac{22}{50} = \frac{x}{2300} \quad X = 1,012 \text{ students}$$

Explain whether each situation is an experiment or an observational study

- 10. A researcher asks 1000 randomly chosen adults to list the average number of hours of sleep they get per night for six months and examines whether the amount of sleep affects the number of colds the adults get. Observational
- 11. A grocery store manager wants to know how much more of a certain food item will sell if he lowers the price by 10%. Experiment



The study below is a randomized experiment. Describe the treatment, the treatment group, and the control group.

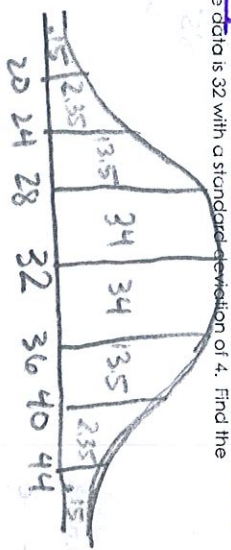
12. An engineer wants to know if a fuel additive will affect the fuel efficiency of a car. He recruits 40 volunteers and randomly assigns them to two groups. One group fills their cars with gas with the additive. The other group fuels their cars with plain gas. The group that uses the additive sees a 5% decrease in fuel efficiency.

**Control: The Group who Group: Fuel Additive.**

**Treatment Group: Group using Fuel Additive**

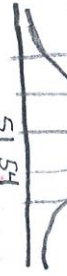
13. You have a set of data. The mean of the data is 32 with a standard deviation of 4. Find the following probabilities:

- a. .84  $P(X \geq 28)$
- b. .025  $P(X \leq 24)$
- c. .84  $P(X \text{ is at most } 36)$
- d. .185  $P(X \leq 24 \text{ or } X \geq 36)$
- e. .95  $P(24 \leq X \leq 40)$



Oh Curve!

14. The mean of a set of data is 51. A number X is picked at random and the probability that  $X \geq 54$  is 16%. What is the standard deviation of the data?



$\sigma = 3$

15. The mean of a set of data is 225. A number X is picked at random and the probability that  $X \leq 195$  is 0.15%. What is the standard deviation of the data?



$\sigma = 10$

16. The mean of a set of data is 225 and the standard deviation is 10. Find these probabilities:

- a. .16  $P(X \geq 235)$
- b. .85  $P(X \leq 235)$
- c. .84  $P(X \geq 215)$
- d. .95  $P(205 \leq X \leq 245)$
- e. .185  $P(X \leq 215 \text{ or } X \geq 245)$

Oh Curve!

17. The mean of a set of data is 51 and the standard deviation is 4. Find these probabilities:

- a. .2266  $P(X \geq 54)$
- b. .2266  $P(X \leq 48)$
- c. .0668  $P(X \geq 57)$
- d. .7611  $P(48 \leq X \leq 60)$
- e. .5668  $P(X \leq 45 \text{ or } X \geq 51)$

Not on curve

18. A group of 625 students has a mean age of 15.8 years with a standard deviation of 0.6 years. The ages are normally distributed. How many students are younger than 16.2 years?

$0.7475 \cdot 625 = 467.1875$

467 Students

- Find the Margin of Error for a survey based upon the sample size. Round to the nearest tenth of a percent.

19.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{36}} = \pm 5\%$

20.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{13567}} = \pm 0.9\%$

- Find the sample size required to achieve the given margin of error. Round your answer to the nearest whole number.

21.  $\pm 9.5\%$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = 0.095 \Rightarrow \sqrt{n} = \frac{1}{0.095} \Rightarrow n = 111$

22.  $\pm 14.3\%$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = 0.143 \Rightarrow \sqrt{n} = \frac{1}{0.143} \Rightarrow n = 49$

- Cell Phones: In a survey of 2,532 teenagers, 68% said that they spend 10 to 12 hours a week on Twitter.

23. What is the margin of error for this survey? Round to the nearest tenth.

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2532}} = \pm 2\%$

24. Give an interval that includes the margin of error.

$66\% - 70\%$