

Name: _____ Date: _____

Absolute Value Transformations

$$f(x) = a|x-h| + k$$

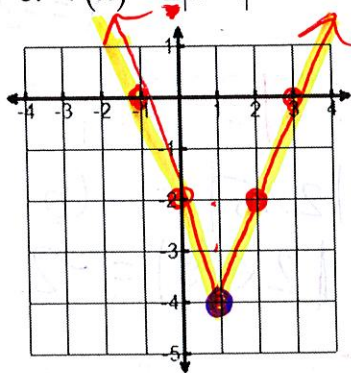
- a: reflect x-axis, vertical stretch $a > 1$, vertical shrink $a < 1$
- h: right (-), left (+) *unless reflected y-axis Vertex: (h, k)
- k: up (+), down (-)
- b: reflect y-axis, horizontal stretch $b < 1$, horizontal shrink $b > 1$

Describe the transformations:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. $f(x) = x+1 - 3$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Left 1 • Down 3 | <p>2. $f(x) = - x + 4$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reflect x-axis • Up 4 |
| <p>3. $f(x) = 2 -x+1$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vertical stretch 2 • Reflect y-axis • Right 1 | <p>*4. $f(x) = 2x+6 - 1$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Horizontal shrink $\frac{1}{2}$ • Left 3 • Down 1 <p style="text-align: right; font-size: small;">$2x+6=0$
$2x=-6$
$x=-3$</p> |

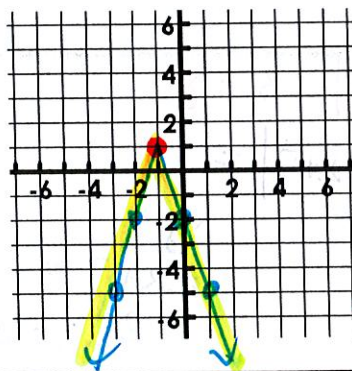
Graph the following absolute value functions using transformations

5. $f(x) = 2|x-1| - 4$



Vertex $(1, -4)$
 Transformations:
 • Vert stretch 2
 • Right 1
 • Down 4

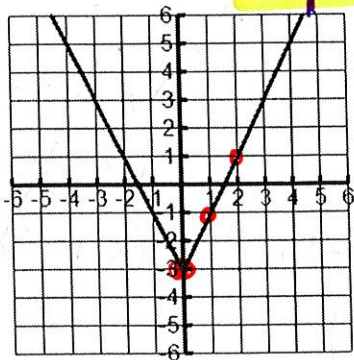
6. $f(x) = -|3x+3| + 1$



Vertex $(-1, 1)$
 Transformations:
 • Reflect x-axis
 • Horiz. shrink $\frac{1}{3}$
 • Left 1
 • Up 1

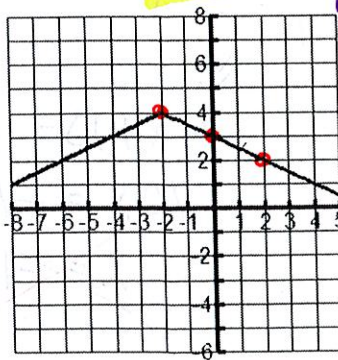
Write the equation of the absolute value given the graph.

7. $f(x) = 2|x| - 3$



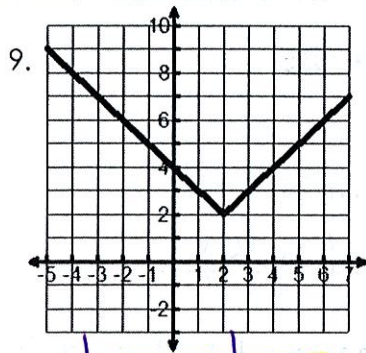
Vertex $(0, -3)$
 a: 2

8. $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}|x+2| + 4$



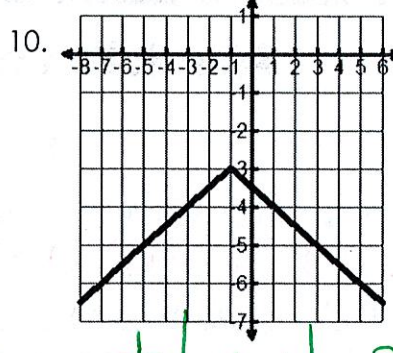
Vertex $(-2, 4)$
 a: $-\frac{1}{2}$

You try!! Write the equation of the absolute value given the graph.



$v: (2, 2)$
 $a = 1$

$f(x) = |x - 2| + 2$



$v: (-1, -3)$
 $a = -\frac{1}{2}$

$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}|x + 1| - 3$

Solving Absolute Value Equations: $|ax + b| = c$, where $c > 0$

- Isolate the absolute value, then split into 2 equations: $ax + b = c$ or $ax + b = -c$
- ALWAYS check for extraneous solutions!

11. Solve for x: $|x - 3| = 6$

$x - 3 = 6$
 $x = 9$ ✓

$x - 3 = -6$
 $x = -3$ ✓

12. Solve for x: $|6x - 3| = 15$

$6x - 3 = 15$
 $6x = 18$
 $x = 3$

$6x - 3 = -15$
 $6x = -12$
 $x = -2$

13. $|2x + 7| - 3 = 8$

$|2x + 7| = 11$

$2x + 7 = 11$
 $2x = 4$
 $x = 2$

$2x + 7 = -11$
 $2x = -18$
 $x = -9$

14. $3|2x - 5| + 7 = 1$

$3|2x - 5| = -6$

$|2x - 5| = -2$

*Can't have $| \quad | = -\#$

No Solution

15. $|4x + 10| = 6x$

$4x + 10 = 6x$
 $10 = 2x$
 $5 = x$

$4x + 10 = -6x$
 $10x = -10$
 ~~$x = -1$~~

16. $|x + 2| = x^2$

$x + 2 = x^2$
 $0 = x^2 - x - 2$
 $(x - 2)(x + 1)$
 $x = 2, -1$

~~$x + 2 = -x^2$
 $x^2 + x + 2 = 0$
 $(x + \dots)$~~